



SATURDAY EVENING AUGUST 7, 1909.

CHARLES W. ELLIOT, president emeritus of Harvard, seems to have taken up the work laid down by Voltaire a century or more ago. He thinks the Bible is antiquated and says "It is a question in many modern minds whether it is always advisable to advocate the reading of the scriptures to the excluding of many other books." It is apparent to all observant people that there is a disposition in this day to place the Bible on a top shelf with Josephus, Sir John F. Froissart's Annals, Domesday Book and other productions. This is to be regretted. Many reasons could be set forth to show that the Bible should not only be read, but made the text book for all people, especially those who have taken church obligations upon themselves. There is food for all within the lids of this time-honored volume. The historian, the philosopher, the astronomer, the geologist and the moralist can each learn something from the sacred writings, while the meek and lowly, struggling against adverse fortune, can find words of encouragement which relieve them of much of the drudgery incident to the rough and rugged paths of life. Voltaire said that he would eliminate the Bible from the world before he died. A few years ago the room in Paris in which he wrote this boast was being used as a Bible depository. President Elliot will find himself equally as impotent when he attempts to set aside the Bible.

BANKERS in New York have received definite assurance that the Treasury Department has virtually decided to finance its necessities for the coming year, or until the volume of revenue from the new tariff law can be definitely ascertained, by borrowing on short-term notes. Authority for the issuance of this form of government obligation is found in section 40 of the new tariff law, which empowers the secretary of the treasury to borrow such sums as may be necessary to meet public expenditures, not in excess of \$200,000,000, upon certificates of indebtedness running not longer than a year and bearing interest at not more than 3 per cent. It would appear by this that the country is to be run on credit indefinitely—an inheritance left by the late Congress.

SEATTLE has recently boasted, in connection with its exposition, that it held the world's record in the matter of harvesting, grinding and using wheat. At the exposition wheat was cut, threshed, ground and baked into bread in twenty minutes. A correspondent of "The St. Louis Globe-Democrat" says, however, that that is slow time. He cites the case of a man out in Carroll county, Mo., who in 1878 cut and threshed wheat and conveyed it forty rods to a mill, ground it into flour and cooked it into griddle cakes all within three minutes and fifty-five seconds from the time of beginning the cutting of the grain, and into well-baked biscuits in four minutes and thirty-seven seconds.

MR. ARBuckle's success in floating the Nero from the rocks in Long Island Sound demonstrates for the second time in a year that he understands the art of raising sunken vessels rather better than do some naval constructors who have tried their hands at the work. Under the circumstances the government acts wisely in turning over the business to him, but money might be saved if his methods were closely observed and followed by the Navy Department. Mr. Arbuckle should now be given the contract for raising the Maine, which has been lying sunk in the harbor of Havana for the past eleven years.

SOME of the morning papers published as news that no lower prices to consumers are expected to result from the slight reductions in the new tariff. Why this has been known since the tariff bill was first reported to the House by Mr. Payne. The fear now is that prices will be greatly increased.

FLORIDA weeps and refuses to be comforted. That 130 per cent increase in the duty on pineapples granted by the Senate fell by the way in the conference committee. The tariff on lemons, however, was retained much to the regret of everybody but the few California lemon growers.

It having been announced that a serum has been discovered that is certain protection against cholera in hogs, a contemporary adds: "Thus vanishes the last hope of seeing the trusts exterminated."

Enraged because she says he wanted her to degrade herself to support himself, Mrs. Pauline Garselt, 25, mortally shot her husband, Morris, 26, as he lay in bed in their apartment at Williamsburg, New York, today. She tried to turn the pistol on herself, but her nerve failed her and she fled, screaming to the street where she was arrested. Garselt was taken to the Eastern District Hospital, where it is said, he will die.

## From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, Aug. 7.

Despite all of the efforts of Congress to eliminate the "joker" in the leather schedule the administrative officers have discovered that a part of it yet remains. In consequence it has become necessary for the Treasury Department to announce its purpose to construe the law in accordance with the "manifest intention" of Congress, rather than its exact language. The hide and leather schedule was amended by the passage of a concurrent resolution reducing the rates on manufactures of leather so as to compensate for the placing of hides on the free list. The last part of the paragraph, number 450, reads: "That harness, saddles and saddlery, in sets or in parts, finished or unfinished, composed wholly or in chief value of leather, shall pay a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem." That represented a reduction of 45 per cent in the existing law, from 40 per cent in the bill as it passed the Senate, and from 35 per cent as it originally passed the House.

But paragraph 461 in the bill as it finally became a law seems to have been entirely overlooked. There it is provided that "Harness, saddles, saddlery, in sets or in parts, finished or unfinished, shall pay a duty of 35 per cent ad valorem. The question has already arisen as to which rate shall apply. Ordinarily in such cases it has been the practice of the Treasury Department to accept the language of the higher numbered paragraph as representing the later action of Congress. But in this instance the department has determined that it was the "manifest intention" of Congress to impose the lower rate of 20 per cent on harness, etc., when made principally of leather and a decision to that effect has been rendered.

No action whatever has as yet been taken, according to Secretary of the Treasury McVeagh, towards the formation of the board of tariff experts which is to collect information to assist the president in putting into effect the maximum and minimum provisions of the new tariff law. "Not even the president has yet begun guessing as to whom he will appoint to do this work," said he, referring smilingly to the suggestions that have appeared in the newspapers as to the probable appointees. It is expected, however, that a speedy determination will be made in this matter. That part of the law will go into effect on April 1st of next year and in the meantime there will be a great deal of work to be done. It is probable that the board will visit Europe.

Gen. Alsworth, adjutant general of the army issued a detailed history today of the operations of an impostor calling himself Harry King, and claiming to be an officer of the army, who is supposed to be the person giving that name who is now under arrest at San Francisco. The impostor began his operations as long ago as September, 1905, at Mt. Carbon, W. Va., where he left behind various hotel and lodging bills. King's latest operations were in California and on the Pacific coast as far north as Alberta.

Secretary of the Treasury McVeagh said today that it was by no means certain that any of the certificates of indebtedness authorized by the new tariff law would be issued this year. It is the condition of the treasury became such that additional cash was necessary above that raised from the usual sources of revenue, of course, he said, the department would avail itself of the authority conferred. But whether necessarily would arise he was unable to predict, as it would largely depend upon the practical workings of the new tariff schedules and internal revenue regulations and the amount of revenue to be derived therefrom. In view of the fact, however, that the secretary has announced that it is not the purpose to issue any of the Panama bonds authorized by the tariff act to be issued at a higher rate than two per cent, until some additional legislation has been enacted to equalize them with the outstanding Panama bonds which only pay two per cent, it follows that the current expenses of the construction of the canal will have to be paid out of the general revenues of the treasury. For this reason it is expected that the treasury will find it necessary within the next two months or so to issue the short-term certificates to an amount necessary to reimburse the cash account for this extraordinary expense. When this time will arrive is, of course, uncertain.

The secretary of state telegraphed the governor of California today requesting him to take all necessary action to secure adequate protection for Greek subjects reported to have been arrested and put in jail without sufficient reason, at Lincoln, Calif.

## Virginia News.

The new bridge over the Potomac river at Williamsport, Md., was opened for traffic yesterday.

William A. Seallings, the oldest citizen of Stafford county, died on Thursday at his home near Falmouth, aged 91 years.

Mr. David Karn, one of the most widely known citizens of Culpeper, died yesterday. He was for years connected with the large flouring mill of S. B. Lillard Company.

A story reached Rockne yesterday which is reliably vouched for that a Montgomery county mother has given birth to a well-developed child with wings of crystal, makes a noise like a young chicken.

Harold Evers, 14 years old, was struck and instantly killed by lightning yesterday evening while plowing in a field five miles south of Bridgewater, Rockingham county. His father, who was in the field with him, was severely shocked. Two horses attached to the plow were killed. A younger brother escaped without injury.

The coroners of the Virginia cities and counties will meet in convention in Richmond September 21st, 22nd and 23rd, when a state organization is to be formed. The conventions will be held annually. All the commonwealth's attorneys in the state have been invited to attend the sessions of the coroners' convention. A change in the laws affecting the office of coroner will be the first undertaking of the coroners' convention.

Ex-Judge Joseph R. Clarkson, who disappeared from Kenosha, Wis., on the night of July 14, was found yesterday at Sabula Junction, Iowa working as a laborer in a button factory under the name of John Paul.

## News of the Day.

Paragould, Ark., has passed a law that no persons shall be on the streets of the city between midnight and 4 a. m.

President Taft may be obliged to abrogate the Cuban reciprocity treaty in order to give other nations the benefit of the minimum rate.

The General Confederation of Labor announced that it would declare a general strike in case the French government interferes with the international congress of laboring men.

H. McConnell, a business man of San Francisco, has American and European artists at work on a \$150,000 monument to commemorate the valor of Union and Confederate soldiers at Gettysburg.

Secretary McVeagh announced at Washington yesterday that there would be no issue of Panama bonds before Congress took action on the matter, but would issue short term bonds, if necessary.

State Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss, of New York, has denied the application of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to erect a tuberculosis hospital for policy holders, deciding that it is illegal.

Lord Kitchener, commander of the British forces in India, has been appointed to succeed the Duke of Connaught as inspector general of the Mediterranean forces, which post the duke recently resigned.

Senor Maura, the Prime Minister of Spain, in an interview yesterday said: "The government has been completely successful in quelling the brief disorders. Spain has again assumed normal life, while absolute tranquillity prevails throughout the country."

At Erwin, east Tennessee, Thursday evening, Solomon Edwards was shot and killed, his son, W. A. Edwards, was fatally wounded and Frank Miller received a pistol ball in his breast. Frank and Jake Miller, brothers, are in jail charged with the shooting. The trouble arose over a game of cards.

John G. Casper, of South Carolina, who has been commissioner of internal revenue since June, 1907, has resigned on account of ill health. President Taft has decided to appoint Royal E. Cabell, postmaster of Richmond, to succeed Mr. Casper. Mr. Cabell is a republican, although his ancestors were democrats. Mr. Casper's resignation will take effect on September 1.

The appearance on the witness stand at Annapolis, Md., yesterday, of Mrs. James N. Sutton, mother of Lieutenant Sutton, whose death is being investigated, and an attempt by the judge advocate to have read in open court some letters written by Mrs. Sutton, making serious charges against Sutton's brother officers, was the signal for a heated controversy of counsel, and brought the day's session to an abrupt close.

At White Plains, N. Y., yesterday Harry Thaw's mother, mentioning no name, said: "A certain person dragged Harry down to the slums of New York's tenements." She characterized Jerome's treatment of her son as "torture." Mrs. Thaw admits that two cousins of her son suffered from insanity, and that two of her family were epileptics. Both sides will sum up today. The court promises a decision Thursday.

Abram C. Eby, the mayor of Burkeville, Va., who was committed to jail in Philadelphia on Thursday in default of \$10,000 bail on the charge of sending letters to the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, threatening the destruction of railroad property by means of high explosives unless \$45,000 was paid him, entered into communication today with friends at Burkeville, to secure bail. His sanity is questioned.

Turkey has sent a note to Greece demanding a formal declaration by that country of noninterference in Cretan affairs. In the event of a refusal to accede to the demand Turkey will break off diplomatic relations with Greece. Apprehension of serious trouble between Turkey and Greece is conveyed in telegrams received by the State Department from Athens yesterday. The Macedonian and Cretan situation is referred to in these communications as very grave.

Mrs. Casmo Soterakos, the wife of Charles Soterakos, a Greek restaurant keeper of McKeesport, Pa., was stabbed and choked to death early yesterday morning in her bedroom. The coroner found twenty-five knife wounds, any one of which would have meant death. Suspicion points to the woman's husband, who is missing. He is said to have tried to shoot another Greek who he accuses of paying too much attention to his wife. This Greek, Charles Steph, is also missing.

Attacked by a negro in her room at the Arlington Hotel at Gainesville, Ga., at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Male Lawson fought for her honor, and cut the negro so badly that it is probable he will die. Mrs. Lawson's assailant was Elton Matthews, night porter of the hotel. He was cut in half a dozen places, the most serious wounds being in his throat. The negro has been jailed, and there are threats of lynching him. He gained entrance to Mrs. Lawson's room by means of an awning, by which he climbed to the window.

Amid scenes of wild enthusiasm, the bill making prohibition constitutional passed the Alabama House late Thursday. The vote was 70 to 29, six more than the constitutional three-fifths majority. The bill provides for an election at which the people will determine whether to incorporate a prohibition clause in the state constitution. The Senate passed the basic prohibition bill yesterday. This measure provides for a maximum of 13 per cent, alcohol in beverages. Soft-drink stands are to be "regulated" with nearly the same severity applied to blind tigers if the legislative measure introduced yesterday becomes a law. This bill would compel all soft drinks, even lemonade, to be sold upon ground floors only. Use of screens is prohibited.

The outlook for peace in the controversy between the Chicago surface railways and their employees, was brighter this morning than any time this week, when a conference between President Mitten of the Chicago City Railways, and representatives of the employees, met in the company's office. President Mitten, of the Chicago City Railways Company, will attend the meeting later in the day. The conference is believed to furnish a fine chance for a settlement by means of a compromise.

The Treasury Department has discontinued temporarily the coinage of the new one cent piece. Up to the present time 27,995,000 of the coins have been minted, of which 14,000,000 have been circulated.

Minority stockholders of the New York Butchers' Dressed Beef Company have sued the members of the so-called beef trust for \$1,500,000 damages under the Sherman act.

## Today's Telegraphic News

Latest Election Returns.

(Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.) Richmond, Va., Aug. 7.—Only a few meagre returns in today. These do not indicate any change in the net results and approximate majorities heretofore published. Brown's victory over Keiser is the greatest surprise. Final returns may cut Mann's majority to three thousand.

## Anarchistic Display.

Stockholm, Aug. 7.—The first anarchistic display in the Swedish strike was manifested today by a group of anarchists who are making a valiant effort to revive the flagging spirit of the strikers. Recognized anarchists were in conference with the labor leaders, and though the latter disclaimed any connection with the "reds," the activity of the latter caused apprehension among the authorities.

While no serious clashes have yet occurred between the troops and strikers, the leniency shown by the soldiers in the small outbreaks indicates clearly that they are in strong sympathy with the strikers and may not prove dependable should a crisis arise.

Strikers paraded the streets today singing the "Marseillaise" and the international.

There were few recruits to the strikers' ranks today, and the authorities declare that the strike will wear itself out in a few days. Many grave diggers have returned to work and a break is imminent in the ranks of other unions.

Indications today are that the railway employees will not strike. Even in case they do walk out, the government declares that it will be able to run the trains without interruption.

The food scarcity was slightly relieved today by the bringing in of large stores from surrounding towns. Prices, however, are still almost prohibitive, and a plan is under way by the government to open food depots for the poor in case the situation is not relieved by the first of the week.

## China and Japan.

Peking, Aug. 7.—A new regent of China to take the place of Prince Ching, is one of the immediate probabilities of the imbroglio between China and Japan over the reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden Railway in southern Manchuria.

Responsibility for the crisis that has arisen is laid almost wholly at the door of Prince Ching, who has been virtual ruler of China since the recent death of the emperor and dwager empress. The exercise of the slightest diplomacy would have avoided a situation which today threatens to compromise China in the eyes of the powers in the opinion of the majority of Chinese statesmen.

London, Aug. 7.—The Foreign Office is in receipt of messages from Tokyo that Japan this morning commenced work on the re-construction of the Antung-Mukden Railway, thereby carrying out the ultimatum which Japan submitted to the other powers yesterday.

The work is being done under guard of the mikado's troops. Hundreds of Chinese soldiers are stationed along the line, today's dispatches say, but they are not of sufficient strength to offer any resistance. Japan is sending reinforcements to the scene of the trouble and is giving every indication of a determination to carry the work through with characteristic thoroughness.

English representatives in the far East, who are keeping the foreign office advised, deem the situation most threatening.

## Crete Refuses to Lower Greek Flag.

Constantinople, Aug. 7.—Crete today refused to lower the Greek flag in response to the demand of the Turkish government.

The French ambassador here is playing the leading role in trying to prevent an outbreak by reason of Crete's determination to throw off the sovereignty of Turkey, and this afternoon he called a conference of the representatives of Russia, Italy, and England, the three other protecting powers.

It is admitted that the Cretan situation is serious and likely to precipitate an open clash and the severance of diplomatic relations between Greece and Turkey at any moment.

Crete raised the Greek flag in token of her desire for annexation with Greece, the day after the four protecting powers withdrew their armies of occupation.

## The Thaw Case.

Court House, White Plains, Aug. 7.—The last words for and against Harry K. Thaw were spoken today, when District Attorney Jerome and Attorney Charles Morschauer summed up the evidence presented in the past three weeks.

Justice Mills will announce his decision on Thursday, and it would not be surprising if it were very favorable to Thaw. Many believe that, even if Thaw is declared still insane, Justice Mills will not send him back to Matteawan but will confine him in some other state institution for observance and final parole, if his conduct becomes such as to earn it.

## The President at Beverly.

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 7.—With the arrival of President Taft here at 8:40 this morning, Beverly became the summer capital of the United States. The president, who arrived over the Boston and Maine from Boston in his private car Olympia, was met at the train by Mrs. Taft and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Lewis Moore, and at once whirled away to the Evans estate on Lurgess point in a White House automobile.

## Muskrat at Her Throat.

York, Pa., Aug. 6.—Entering the cellar at her home at Dover last night Mrs. Eliza Sipe was attacked by an immense muskrat, which leaped from the bin to her throat. Shaking off the creature with difficulty, the woman fled in terror. A little later her 17-year-old son Joseph entered the cellar with a club and the rat attacked him, but was killed by a blow upon the head.

## Watch Returned.

Brooklyn, Mass., Aug. 7.—Lieutenant John H. Ackerman, civil war veteran of this city, today is sure the war is over on the north and south is a thing of the past. Captured by the Confederates and sold, he was sent to a southern prison. A gold watch present from his mother, was confided to him. After the war was over the lieutenant tried to find the watch but without avail. Today he has the watch again. Ackerman was living at his home when the postman delivered a letter from N. B. A. arm, of N. B. field, Cal. In the letter were sentiments of friendship and the notice that by the same mail was being sent his watch and letters seized at the time he was taken prisoner. Later Ackerman received the watch. The watch was in as good condition as ever.

## Collapse of Motor Works.

Laosung, Mich., Aug. 7.—One of the largest steel buildings of the Olds Motor Works Company here collapsed today. One man was instantly killed, two others

**BILIOUS?**

TAKE

**SIMMONS**

LIVER

**REGULATOR**

FOR

**SPEEDY RELIEF.**

## New Ambassador Probable.

London, Aug. 7.—"There is absolutely no chance of Ambassador Whitehead retaining his post at the court of St. James another year." This was the statement today of an official who stands close to Mr. Reid and to the British foreign office, when asked as to the probability of a report that the ambassador would remain here for at least another year. "Mr. Reid is popular in England," the official continued, "and his retention in office would probably please the English people, but I know that he expects soon to be succeeded by an ambassador of President Taft's choosing."

Washington, Aug. 7.—Secretary Knox has adhered absolutely to his statement made early in the administration, to the effect that outside of Italy and St. Petersburg there would be no further changes in Ambassadorial posts until the fall. It is generally understood that successors will be named for Ambassador Reid at London, Ambassador White at Paris and Ambassador Francis at Vienna. There is a persistent rumor, despite all denials, that this latter post will be tendered to Richard Keren, of St. Louis. It is also understood that Robert Bacon, former secretary of State, will go to Paris. The London post is not decided upon but will be probably before the next Congress meets. Other changes will be forthcoming in the important diplomatic posts which are now under consideration by Secretary Knox and President Taft.

## Claimants of Reward.

Cleveland, Aug. 7.—A brand new Ananias club has been organized by the claimants to the reward of \$15,000 offered by the state of Pennsylvania for the apprehension of the kidnappers of Billy White, and a stormy hearing is on today at the central police station, when new candidates will present their cases. The charter members are Chief of Police Kohler, and Patrick O'Reilly, who claims to have given the first clue to the whereabouts of the Boyles while they were drinking in his saloon.

While O'Reilly was relating his part of the sensational capture of the Boyles interrupted with the imputation that the saloon-keeper had withheld his information from the police for a length of time to enable him to sell the Boyles about \$200 worth of drinks:

"You're a liar, chief," yelled O'Reilly, half rising from his chair. "Every word you have uttered is a malicious lie."

Today detectives and officers will go on the stand to tell how under Chief Kohler, "we captured and convicted the kidnappers." Under fire of cross examination by attorneys for the claimants it is said the police will be compelled to testify concerning Detectives Barnard and Moore who were reduced to the ranks for their failure to round up the Boyles.

## Veteran Shoots Himself.

Dayton, Ohio, Aug. 7.—Edward Leonard, veteran of the civil war and an old Indian fighter, today shot three men at the Soldiers' Home and one, Col. Eastman, is dead. Captain Arnold and Sergeant Weinwright are dying. The cause of the shooting is not known. Col. Eastman was at his desk in his barracks when Leonard shot him from behind. Leaving the building, Leonard met Captain Arnold on the stairs and shot him. Outside he met Sergeant Weinwright and shot him. Leonard in a rage and not because he was an enemy of the colonel, and that he shot the other officers in order to make good his escape. He was caught before he had gone far from the scene of the shooting.

## Edward Makes \$1,000,000.

New York, Aug. 7.—According to well authenticated sources in Wall street King Edward, of England, has cleared \$1,000,000 in United States steel in the last three months, on a tip given him by J. P. Morgan. According to these sources, Morgan talked at length with King Edward three months ago at Windsor Castle. Within a short time the King's agents in Wall street had purchased 50,000 shares of steel common, at figures averaging about 50. Steel today is selling at 76 1/4. Wall street figures that King Edward made more than \$1,000,000, counting the 26 point jump in stock and the extra dividends declared on steel common this year. It is understood also, that members of the German nobility have been debbling in steel common and have made considerable sums.

## Record Won by Frenchman.

Paris, Aug. 7.—The aeroplane record for sustained flights was today won by Roger Sommer, a French aeronaut, if the flight credited to him at Marmoulens in Grand, 2 hours, 27 minutes and 15 seconds, proves authentic. This is 8 minutes and 15 seconds longer than the official flight of Wilbur Wright at Le Mans on January 1, 1909. Sommers maintained a height of from 60 to 100 feet.

## Accident to Trolley Car.

New York, Aug. 7.—Eleven persons were injured, three seriously, by the overturning of a trolley car on Grove street, Jersey City, today. The car, filled with passengers, was on its way from Hoboken to the Pennsylvania station in Jersey City. New rails being laid had not been fastened securely, and the car jumped the track and turned over on its side.

## Collapse of Motor Works.

Laosung, Mich., Aug. 7.—One of the largest steel buildings of the Olds Motor Works Company here collapsed today. One man was instantly killed, two others

## ROSENFELD'S Special Sales

Children's Fine Nainsook Bishop Dresses, neck and sleeves finished with embroidery, long and short, 1, 2 and 3 years, 25c 50c and 75c.

Girls' Dresses, gingham, chambray and linonette, sizes 4 to 14 years, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Mennen's Talcum Powder 12 1-2c.

Packer's Tar Soap 17 1-2c

Cuticura Soap 17 1-2c

## \$1 Suit Cases 75c

Wash Suits for Women reduced to half. Pay Half for all our Trimmed Hats. Parasols cut to half. Take any parasol in the house, look what it is marked and pay just half.

## ROSENFELD'S.

518-20 King Street, Alexandria, Va

## Swan Bros

## MATTING BARGAINS FOR MONDAY

We will sell Monday the following full rolls of China and Jap Matting at about cost.

China Matting which sold for \$7.50, roll of forty yards, we will close out Monday for

\$5 98

China Matting which sold for \$9.50 roll, we will close out Monday for

\$6 98

Jap Matting which sold for \$7.25 roll of forty yards, we will close out Monday for

\$5 98

Orders received by mail or telephone will have our best attention.

Standard Patterns 10 and 15 cents

are probably fatally injured and it is reported that several others were caught under the debris. The accident, it is said, was caused by the weight of steel stored on the upper floors.

New York Stock Market. New York, July 7.—The record breaking movement continued uninterrupted all through the first fifteen minutes in Union Pacific, St. Paul, Reading and steel common, with many other less prominent stocks selling at new high prices.

THE FIRMARY. Although the returns from the state democratic primary held on Thursday are still incomplete, nothing has since transpired to alter materially any of the general results already announced, except that later developments seem to reverse the situation with reference to the nomination for commissioner of agriculture and immigration, practically insuring the nomination of J. Thompson Brown, of Bedford, over George Wellington Kolner, the incumbent, by a majority which may reach 3,500.

Later returns do not materially affect any of the results for other state offices, though they indicate a slight decrease in the lead of Judge Mann for governor over Mr. Tucker, as compared with the figures printed yesterday. Ellison and Williams won the nominations for lieutenant governor and attorney-general respectively, by such sweeping majorities that all interest in the exact figures is practically lost.

## The latest compilation of the vote shows:

For governor—William H. Mann 23,147, H. St. George Tucker 19,576; Mann's majority, 3,571.

For lieutenant-governor—J. Taylor Ellison 19,431, James R. Oatton, 11,222; Ellison's majority, 8,211.

For attorney-general—Samuel W. Williams 19,806, Robert Oatlett, 10,795; Williams' majority, 9,011.

For commissioner of agriculture—J. Thompson Brown 16,433, George W. Kolner 13,177; Brown's majority, 3,256.

The primary appears to have practically settled the speakership, and all signs now point to the re-election of the incumbent, Hon. Richard Evelyn Byrd, of Winchester.

M. M. Green of Fauquier is defeated for re-election to the House of Delegates by J. M. Price. Price's majority is 49.

The incomplete returns of the primary election in Loudoun county show that Tucker carried the county over Mann by a majority of 350. Dr. B. F. Noland was nominated to the House of Delegates and John Orr Daniel was elected fluster delegate for Loudoun and Fauquier counties.

CONSPICUOUS IN A BALLROOM. Flakes of Dandruff on the Collar and Shoulders of a Gentleman in Full Dress.

This is the thing you frequently see in the ball-room—a man's black dress coat literally covered with dandruff.

It must be annoying to the wearer, as it certainly is a pleasant thing to observe. But dandruff can be eradicated. It is a germ disease that will soon-day cause baldness.

Newbro's Herpicide kills the hair-destroying germ, and stimulates the hair to a rich, abundant growth; it does most—keeps the hair soft and pliant.

Furthermore, Herpicide is a most pleasant toilet accessory; of pleasing odor, and cooling to the scalp.

Sold by Ernest L. Allen & Co., agents, two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.